In the status quo, attorneys are not allowed to disclose information even if it might exonerate other defendants on trial.

Hasbani gives empirical examples

Hasbani, Inbal. "When the Law Preserves Injustice: Issues Raised by a Wrongful Incarceration Exception to Attorney-Client Confidentiality." J. Crim. L. & Criminology 100 (2010): 277.

In one case, two attorneys….. apparently exonerating information.°

Hasbani continues that there is no law in place currently to correct for cases such as Logan’s and Hunts.

Hasbani, Inbal. "When the Law Preserves Injustice: Issues Raised by a Wrongful Incarceration Exception to Attorney-Client Confidentiality." J. Crim. L. & Criminology 100 (2010): 277.

Despite the benefits… is serving a sentence.

Thus, the Plan: the USFG will grant an exception to the attorney-client privilege that allows attorneys to choose to disclose evidence from their client indicating that a suspect or convict is innocent with the condition that the evidence not be used against their client in trial.

Moliterno:

Moliterno, James E. "Rectifying Wrongful Convictions: May a Lawyer Reveal Her Client's Confidences to Rectify the Wrongful Conviction of Another." Hastings Const. LQ 38 (2010): 811.

The second alternative is… accused of the client's crime.

Contention 1: The wrongful convictions in the status quo undermine the legitimacy of the criminal justice system.

Spohn and Hemmens: Spohn, Cassia, and Craig Hemmens. Courts: A text/reader. Vol. 4. SAGE, 2011.

Third, wrongful conviction… criminal justice process

Moreover, Judicial errors, especially wrongful convictions, negatively are detrimental to deterrence because of the risk-aversion factor – type I errors increase the chance that a person who is innocent will be convicted regardless, decreasing the relative harms of actually committing a crime. This decreased perception of legitimacy manifests itself as more people committing crimes.

Rizzolli and Stanca:

Matteo Rizzolli & Luca Stanca, 2012. "Judicial Errors and Crime Deterrence: Theory and Experimental Evidence," Journal of Law and Economics, University of Chicago Press, vol. 55(2), pages 311 - 338.

Judicial errors against…. judicial errors on deterrence.

Moliterno: Supreme Courts states that Privilege should come secondary to defendant’s ability to defend themselves. This ability is compromised if ACP prohibits release of information that can help determine defendant’s innocence.

Moliterno, James E. "Rectifying Wrongful Convictions: May a Lawyer Reveal Her Client's Confidences to Rectify the Wrongful Conviction of Another." Hastings Const. LQ 38 (2010): 811.

Reversing the trial court… disclosure to pro-tect an innocent person's life.